RIVERSIDE COUNTY COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PARTNERSHIP

DOWNTOWN LAW BUILDING 3960 ORANGE STREET, 5TH FLOOR CONFERENCE ROOM, RIVERSIDE

FEBRUARY 4, 2020, 2:00 P.M. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE CCPEC MEETING

AGENDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER RON MILLER, CHIEF PROBATION OFFICER
- 2. APPROVAL OF MINUTES Action Item April 2, 2019
- 3. SB 678/CCPIA UPDATE:
 - SHELLY DAVIS, DIVISION DIRECTOR
 - JESSICA HOLSTIEN, PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT
- 4. COMMENTS
- 5. NEXT MEETING: DATE TBD IN 2021

In accordance with State Law (The Brown Act):

- The meetings of the CCP are open to the public. The public may address the Committee within the subject matter jurisdiction of this committee.
- Disabled persons may request disability-related accommodations in order to address the CCP. Reasonable accommodations can be made to assist disabled persons if requested 24-hours prior to the meeting by contacting Riverside County Probation Department at (951) 955-2830.
- The public may review open session materials at <u>www.probation.co.riverside.ca.us</u> under Related Links tab or at Probation Administration, 3960 Orange St., 6th Floor, Riverside, CA.
- Items may be called out of order.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PARTNERSHIP MEETING

April 2, 2019 – 2:30 p.m. Downtown Law Building, 3960 Orange Street, 5th Floor, Riverside

MINUTES

PRESENT

Mark A. Hake, Chief, Probation Jason Bailey, Chief Deputy Probation Officer, Probation Chad Bianco, Sheriff, Sheriff Matthew Chang, BH Director, RUHS-Behavioral Health Jennifer Cruikshank, Chief Executive Officer, RUHS-Medical Center Clinic Crystal DeCoudres, Supervising Probation Officer, Probation Tari Dolstra, Division Director, Probation Vince Fabrizio, Chief Deputy District Attorney, District Attorney Charles Fischer, Executive Director, Riverside County Office of Education Steve Harmon, Public Defender, Public Defender Bryce Hulstrom, Chief Deputy Probation Officer, Probation Deborah Johnson, Assistant Director, RUHS-Behavioral Health Doug Moreno, Chief Deputy Probation Administrator, Probation Robin Reid, Policy Analyst, BOS District 1 Donald Sharp, Chief Deputy, Sheriff Erica Smith, CBO, Starting Over, Inc. Sean Thuilliez, Police Chief, Beaumont PD Grover Trask, Co-Director Presley Center, UCR Raul Vergara, Assistant Sheriff, Sheriff Andrew Williams, BH Administrator, RUHS- Behavioral Health Cherilyn Williams, Administrative Services Manager, Probation Christopher Wright, Chief Deputy Probation Officer, Probation

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mark Hake called the meeting to order at 2:31 p.m.

Joe Zamora, Finance Director, RUHS- Behavioral Health

2. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Mark Hake asked for a motion to approve the April 3, 2018, meeting minutes. The motion was moved by Sean Thuilliez and seconded by Vince Fabrizio. Minutes were approved and stand as written.

3. SB 678/CCPIA UPDATE

Tari Dolstra provided an overview and update of the Community Supervision Oversight Unit statistics and evidence-based programs funded by the Community Corrections Performance Incentive Act (CCPIA), formerly known as SB 678. CCPIA was designed to ensure evidence-based practices were incorporated into probation departments' operations. The goals were to ultimately

reduce the number of probationers sentenced to state prison and reduce recidivism. In 2011, the Community Corrections Performance Incentive Act essentially replaced SB 678 and added specific performance measures, required data driven decision making, and improved outcomes.

The metric used by the state to gauge probation departments' performance is the Probation Failure Rate. The formula has been modified several times since 2011. The most recent Probation Failure Rate/funding formula for 2018 was calculated as the total number of adult felony probationers sentenced to state prison from that county as a percentage of the county's average adult felony population for that year. The formula takes into account revocations resulting in State Prison only, and no longer takes into account PC 1170(h) sentences. Based on the current formula, the 2018 failure rate for Riverside County is 4.5%.

Director Dolstra shared surrounding counties failure rate:

- 5.2% San Bernardino
- 2.31% Los Angeles
- 2.15% Orange
- 4.32% San Diego

The initial funding of \$2.8M was awarded in 2010 for the two-year grant period ending September 2012. The funds were used to implement new evidence-based programs and funded 15 new positions. To date, CCPIA funds a total of 67 positions. The estimated overall statewide allocation is \$109.32M for FY 2018/19. It is estimated Riverside County's share may be \$6.45M.

<u>Historical Allocations to Riverside County:</u>

- FY 2011/12 was \$8.96M
- FY 2012/13 was \$10.64M
- FY 2013/14 was \$5.78M
- FY 2014/15 was \$3.11M
- FY 2015/16 was \$7.16M
- FY 2016/17 was \$8.53M
- FY 2017/18 was \$6.56M
- FY 2018/19 was \$6.45M

In 2018, probation continued to focus on training staff in their respective assignments. A vital component to probation supervision practices has been the incorporation of evidence-based training for staff, specifically supervision officers. Evidence-based training classes provide a foundation for effective supervision, with the goal of successful community integration. Motivational Interviewing (MI) classes emphasize effective communication with clients. These classes teach staff to collaborate with and promote self-change within clients. Correctional Offender Management Profiling for Alternative Sanctions (COMPAS) is a validated risk/needs assessment tool. This class teaches staff how to utilize the software, which in turn helps probation officers to identify client criminogenic needs and to assess the appropriate supervision levels. Courage to Change (C2C) is a form of cognitive-behavioral treatment. Staff are trained to utilize this interactive journaling tool to help offenders re-evaluate their thought processes. These services are offered in groups or on an individual basis. Incentives and Sanctions Matrices are also utilized to motivate client behavior change toward success through the use of client-centered rewards and progressive sanctions to help reduce supervision violations and recidivism.

Incentives and Sanctions Matrices

During Calendar Year 2018:

- 16,971 behaviors received incentive responses.
- 6,616 behaviors received sanction responses.

Case Completions

Total Case Completions for Calendar Year 2018:

- 2,194 Successful
- 1,308 Unsuccessful

4. <u>NEXT MEETING</u>: TBD

The meeting adjourned at 2:58 p.m.

Minutes submitted by Cathy Piech, Secretary II, Riverside County Probation Department

Community Corrections Partnership

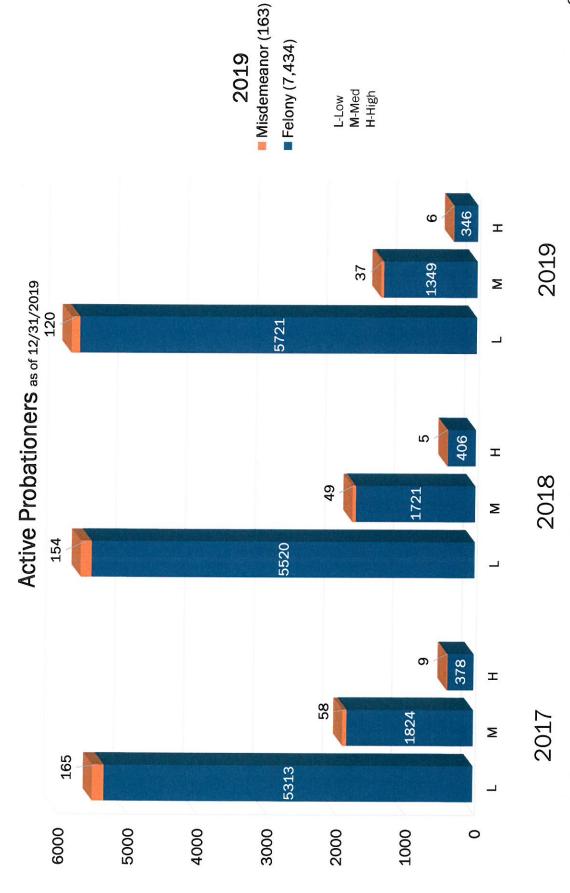
Ronald Miller Chief Probation Officer



Riverside County Probation Department



CCPIA STATISTICS



RETURN TO PRISON RATE

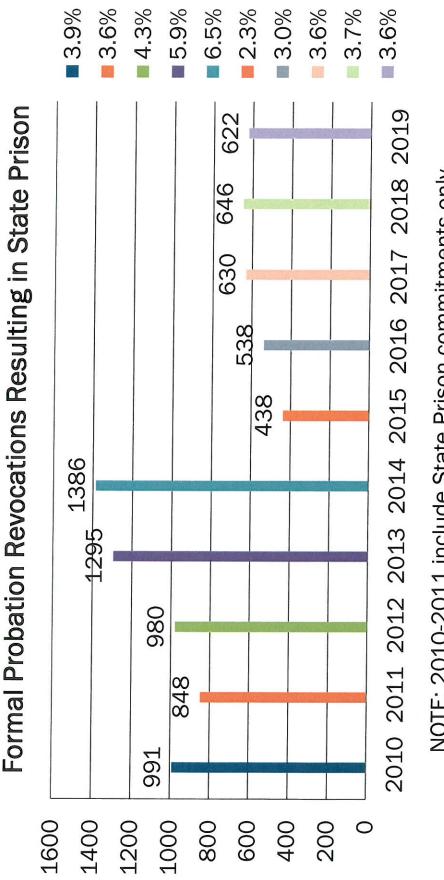
of Felons Sent to State Prison Total Felon Population Return to Prison Rate

The metric used to gauge probation department's performance.

Provides the basis for funding.

Based on the current formula, the 2019 failure rate for Riverside County is 4.32%.

ANNUAL COMMITMENTS



NOTE: 2010-2011 include State Prison commitments only.

2012-2014 include both 1170(h) PC and State Prison commitments. 2015-2019 include State Prison commitments only.

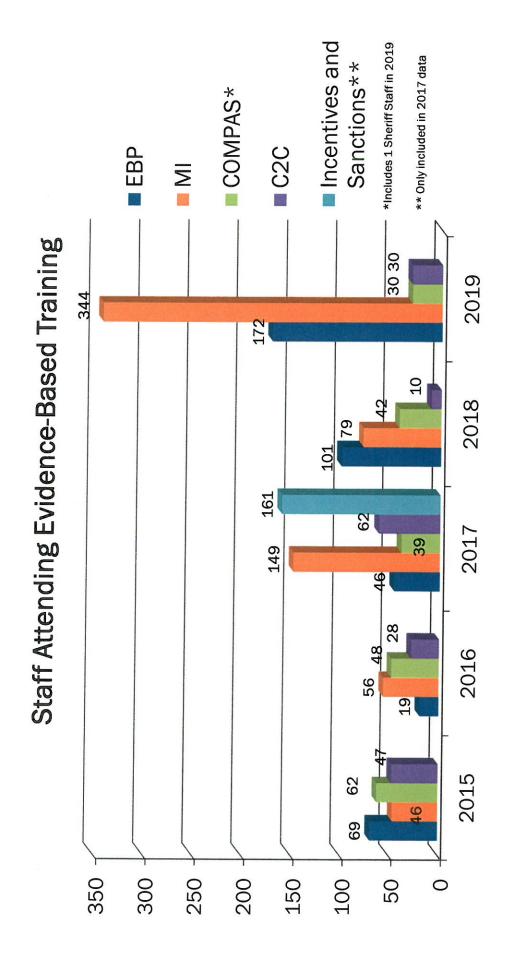
CCPIA FUNDING

Riverside County Share (in millions)	\$10.64	\$5.78	\$3.11	\$7.16	\$8.53	\$6.56	\$6.45	\$6.39
Statewide Allocation (in millions)	\$138.29	\$101.04	\$124.76	\$125.10	\$123.31	\$114.56	\$109.32	\$112.76
Historical Allocation	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20

FY 2020/21 Estimated Funding (in millions)

A total of 67 positions are being funded by CCPIA. \$124.66 \$6.57 Riverside County Share Statewide Allocation

EVIDENCE-BASED TRAINING



PROGRAM REFERRALS

The following encompasses the list of program referrals most often made to those on high and medium risk caseloads:

Courage to Change (C2C)

Substance Use

Mental Health

Domestic Violence

Sex Offender

Child Abuse

Anger Management

DUI Program

Education & Vocation

Family & General Counseling

Whole Person Care

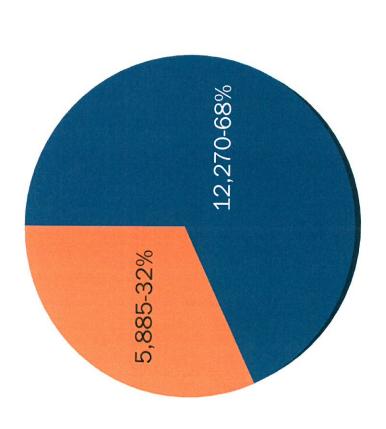
Medi-Cal

Cal-Fresh

Employment Prep & Placement

INCENTIVES & SANCTIONS MATRICES

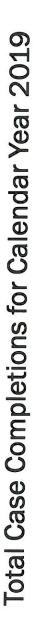
2019 Incentives vs. Sanctions

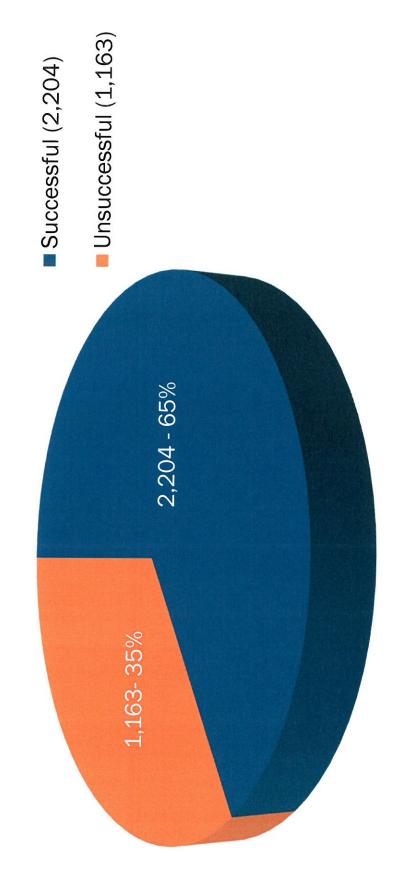


■ Incentive Behaviors (12,270)

Sanction Behaviors (5,885)

CCPIA STATISTICS





CONCLUSION

THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS or COMMENTS?



